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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- In civil, agency, bankruptcy, and mandamus cases, a disclosure statement must be filed by **all** parties, with the following exceptions: (1) the United States is not required to file a disclosure statement; (2) an indigent party is not required to file a disclosure statement; and (3) a state or local government is not required to file a disclosure statement in pro se cases. (All parties to the action in the district court are considered parties to a mandamus case.)
- In criminal and post-conviction cases, a corporate defendant must file a disclosure statement.
- In criminal cases, the United States must file a disclosure statement if there was an organizational victim of the alleged criminal activity. (See question 7.)
- Any corporate amicus curiae must file a disclosure statement.
- Counsel has a continuing duty to update the disclosure statement.

No.	25-1018 Caption: GRIFFIN v. NORTH CAROLINA STATE BOARD OF ELECTIONS
Pursuant to FRAP 26.1 and Local Rule 26.1, BIPARTISAN FORMER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS (nome of porty/aminus)	
wh	arsuant to FRAP 26.1 and Local Rule 26.1, PARTISAN FORMER MEMBERS OF CONGRESS ame of party/amicus) ho is
(app	pellant/appellee/petitioner/respondent/amicus/intervenor)
1.	Is party/amicus a publicly held corporation or other publicly held entity? YES VNC
2.	1
3.	

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